Exhibit A

In re OAS Fin. Ltd., No. 15-11304 (SMB) (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. June 23, 2015) [Docket No. 43] (June 4, 2015 Hearing Transcript)

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

IN RE: Chapter 15

OAS FINANCE LIMITED (in . Case No. 15-11304 (SMB)

provisional liquidation), .

One Bowling Green

Debtors. New York, New York 10004

Thursday, June 4, 2015

TRANSCRIPT OF CONFERENCE
BEFORE THE HONORABLE STUART M. BERNSTEIN
UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT JUDGE

APPEARANCES:

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NEW YORK, NEW YORK, THURSDAY, JUNE 4, 2015, 11 A.M.

MR. ROSENBLATT: Good morning, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Good morning.

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MR. ROSENBLATT: It's Andrew Rosenblatt from Chadbourne & Parke here on behalf of Mark McDonald and Marcus White who are the joint provisional liquidators of OAS Finance in the BVI.

Your Honor, the joint provisional liquidators filed a motion under Section 1519 seeking authority to take discovery from White & Case who we know represented OAS Finance at different points in times and in some capacity although that's been the subject of some dispute and I will say changing stories or fluctuating stories when we inquired about that.

Your Honor, and we're seeking documents pursuant to the scope that is authorized under Section 1521 which is extremely broad. Just by way of background, Your Honor, this was not a motion --

THE COURT: Isn't 1521 a post-recognition tactic?

MR. ROSENBLATT: It is but Section 1519 which permits provisional relief authorizes under appropriate circumstances, Your Honor, relief that's available under 1521.

THE COURT: As I understand your request, it's in two parts. It's the financial/business information from the foreign debtors and you want information from White & Case?

MR. ROSENBLATT: Yeah --

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THE COURT: What do you want from White & Case? MR. ROSENBLATT: Your Honor, we want all documents that are relevant to OAS Finance in White & Case's possession that relate to their affairs, their assets -- generally all the documents that are within the scope of 1521. I think almost by definition any documents that they've provided to OAS Finance representing them either individually or as part of the OAS Group fits within that category. To the extent they have other documents as well, we would ask for those. If --THE COURT: How are you irreparably harmed if you don't get these prior to recognition? MR. ROSENBLATT: Well, Your Honor, the issue here is that proceedings in Brazil are happening very quickly. is going to be --THE COURT: You know, I kind of get the feeling that this Court in the middle of what is essentially a discovery dispute between the BVI liquidators and I quess the Brazilian debtors --MR. ROSENBLATT: Your Honor --THE COURT: -- can't you get this information in Brazil? Isn't that the appropriate place? MR. ROSENBLATT: It's not a discovery dispute. It goes beyond that. We are -- the joint provisional liquidators are the managers of the company. The essentially are OAS

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Finance. I know that their appointment is being challenged and

I know that White & Case and the entities would like to deny -they're in denial about that but our -- but the joint
provisional liquidators are managing the affairs of the
company. They are entitled to books and records. Your Honor,
this could just as easily have been a turnover request but that
would have required an adversary proceeding and from a timing
standpoint, that wouldn't have worked but, Your Honor, there's
going to be a plan that's going to be filed in Brazil. My
understanding is that it's going to be on June 16th.

Our joint provisional liquidators need information. They need to ${\mathord{\hspace{1pt}\text{--}}}$

THE COURT: I'm not arguing with the need for information but why don't you go to the Brazilian -- or seek the information from the Brazilian proceeding? You're seeking information here that doesn't sound like it's relevant to COMI or recognition. It's relevant to the Brazilian plan which hasn't been filed but -- so why don't you -- can't you get this in Brazil?

MR. ROSENBLATT: Well, it's to provide assistance,
Your Honor. It's to provide assistance to the joint
provisional liquidators so they can what their duties require
them to do in the BVI --

THE COURT: But the document -- the information isn't here I assume. It's probably in Brazil.

MR. ROSENBLATT: Well, White & Case is here, and Your

Honor, the joint provisional liquidators are -- you know, they have requested information in Brazil from directors. They have requested information in the BVI. In fact, Your Honor, the --

THE COURT: Have you gotten it?

MR. ROSENBLATT: No, and --

THE COURT: So why don't you go to the Brazilian Court and say they haven't given us --

MR. ROSENBLATT: Well, Your Honor, what's interesting and I think the impetus for I think the recent if you'd even call it cooperation on the side of the directors is that my understanding is that there was a hearing in the BVI just last week and I believe that the directors QC just assumed that they were cooperating and when it became apparent that they weren't there was a -- the BVI "was surprised," and at that point in time finally after about six weeks, the directors committed to turn over books and records or to at least start turning over books and records.

But, Your Honor, just to give you some framework and just to give you some background, we didn't file this motion on a whim. This done after a six-week dance with White & Case where to be honest with Your Honor, we've been strung along. This request was made six weeks ago, and finally on June 1st after many letters, many e-mails and discussions, we finally got confirmation that they were just steadfastly refusing to turn over any documents on the grounds that we don't believe

warrant that position.

As I said, Your Honor, the joint provisional liquidators are OAS Finance. They are the entity that is authorized to manage the affairs of OAS Finance to the exclusion of all others. There is some residual power that the directors have to challenge the appointment of the other JPLs in BVI and they've done but that's it, Your Honor. The authority to manage the affairs rests solely with the joint provisional liquidators.

THE COURT: I'm not questioning that. I'm just questioning why this dispute is here as opposed to as in Brazil because you want the documents for the Brazilian proceeding.

MR. ROSENBLATT: They're pursuing all avenues, Your Honor. They have requested information from the directors in Brazil. They've requested information in the BVI. They've been rebuffed at every turn. We have filed this -- and, Your Honor, we don't take lightly the fact that we are asking for discovery from a law firm. We don't take this lightly -- to be quite frank, we're a little bit desperate and we feel that this is information the joint provisional liquidators are entitled to have, and quite frankly, we're asking for assistance which I think Chapter 15, you know, embodies, that's the entire purpose of Chapter 15 to provide assistance to foreign representatives so they can comply with their duties in the foreign proceeding.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. CUNNINGHAM: Good morning, Your Honor. John Cunningham of White & Case and Greg Starner and Mike Carlinsky are co-counsel of Quinn Emmanuel. Your Honor, this is exactly a discovery battle over information they want and have not received in Brazil. They --

THE COURT: But if the information is present in the United States, why can't they ask for it in the United States? Certainly, the information regarding the financial affairs of OAS Finance are something they should have.

MR. CUNNINGHAM: Books and records, Your Honor, ironically enough was a discovery item that Aurelius sought from us because OAS Finance we were seeking recognition for. We produced that to Aurelius's counsel and we produced it to Chadbourne.

THE COURT: Well --

MR. CUNNINGHAM: So those documents are -- we have the books and records. We gave it to them. Whatever is in our possession we can give to them. What they're doing, Your Honor, is simply this. They made a statement in front of the BVI court, I made mention of this at the recognition hearing. This was a statement they made.

"With regards to the issue of discovery, without intending to waive legal professional privilege, our U.S. counsel advised us that because the other OAS entities have submitted to the jurisdiction of U.S. courts by virtue of their

own Chapter 15 petitions, they would be subject to discovery and should our petition be recognized, we would be able to make requests for information through discovery. The value of utilizing discovery channels in U.S. proceedings cannot be understated."

They are using this 15 because they are frustrated in their minds of getting information in Brazil --

THE COURT: So why they can't do that?

MR. CUNNINGHAM: Because from our point of view, Your Honor, they have -- first of all, they filed in Brazil a request to have the Brazilian reorganization proceeding for OAS Finance Limited withdrawn and to have OAS Finance Limited recognized as a creditor. The Court last week in a ruling, and I attached that ruling, Your Honor, to my letter that I submitted ruled against them on that very issue. They put it in front of the Court; the Court ruled against them. The Court said when the cases were filed before me in Brazil, it was clearly -- interests were in Brazil and the Court said this is part of the overall reorganization of the OAS group, and therefore, I'm not recognizing the subsequent proceeding that has been filed in the BVI.

Now, they can go ahead and object just like here, you know, the Supreme Court says in Celotex if you get an adverse ruling you can go ahead and appeal. They have the right to appeal, they have the right to request whatever information,

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documents they want but that's in Brazil. What they're asking for is Your Honor to get involved with those rulings and decisions and say well, we're not happy with what the Brazil court is doing, we would like the New York Court to suddenly start ordering discovery of information.

And, notably, Your Honor, they said here, they're going to take discovery of the OAS debtor, the other entities. They're taken against their counsel trying to get it from White & Case. I recognize Your Honor said clearly there's two categories; what -- you know, documents that we have in our possession that belong to OAS Finance, we can give to them.

THE COURT: Well, they say though that the legal materials which is sent to your joint clients is something they're entitled to.

MR. CUNNINGHAM: And that's what -- first of all, we don't think we have any legal memoranda and we're confirming that. We told them by Monday if we have it, we would give it to them but they need to know also we don't have any memorandum that says OAS Finance, here's your memorandum. It would have been on behalf of the four filing debtors who we have --

THE COURT: You have --

MR. CUNNINGHAM: -- we have a joint privilege issue.

THE COURT: You have joint clients.

MR. CUNNINGHAM: Right.

THE COURT: And any client is entitled to the

11 information, correct? 1 2 MR. CUNNINGHAM: Yes, but the other clients are also 3 -- have the right to require that they not disclose that --4 THE COURT: I think that --MR. CUNNINGHAM: -- information. 5 6 THE COURT: -- if one of the clients becomes adverse 7 -- and I looked at -- there were a couple of cases on this one. 8 Once one of the clients in the joint client world becomes 9 adverse, it's entitled -- there is no attorney-client privilege but I'm not going to decide that today. That's obviously the 11 issue. 12 MR. CUNNINGHAM: In essence, I -- but again, Your 13 Honor, in --14 THE COURT: So --15 MR. CUNNINGHAM: Yeah. THE COURT: -- what information is in the United 16 States that you're looking for? I'm not going to order any of 17 18 these debtors to bring information from Brazil. I don't think

that's what the purpose of that statute is you came here to get discovery but it's discovery of information here. So what do you have besides whatever -- is it anything more than whatever White & Case has in its files?

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MR. ROSENBLATT: Your Honor, not only should White & Case [sic] should have a lot of documents in their files. They've not only represented the company in the BVI, my

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understanding is they're involved in Brazil but they're also $2 \parallel$ defending them in State Court actions but, Your Honor, let me -- if I may just take two seconds -- you know, I don't 4 understand how anything Mr. Cunningham just talked about has any relevancy whatsoever to -- as to our entitlement to documents. He says we weren't happy with rulings in Brazil. They were approximately six weeks, Your Honor, on the first day that the joint provisional liquidators were appointed. It has nothing to do with what has transpired thus far in Brazil. It's that they needed information in order to make informed decisions.

And, Your Honor, there's no basis for distinguishing between books and records they may have and legal memoranda or other documents that were prepared for OAS Finance other than privilege issues but, Your Honor, the privilege runs to OAS Finance. It runs --

THE COURT: Unless they prepared documents for one 18 but not all of the --

MR. ROSENBLATT: I -- Your Honor, and that is absolutely fair. Yeah, to the extent they prepared a document for say, OAS, S.A. solely, then yeah, I would agree with that, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Or maybe documents that they prepared -when was the joint -- when were the joint provisional liquidators --

MR. ROSENBLATT: April 15th -- 16th.

THE COURT: Maybe they can make the argument that even though they were still technically representing Finance after that date, you were so adverse that you're not entitled to the information but we're not deciding that today.

MR. ROSENBLATT: Right, yeah. But to address some of the privilege issues, Your Honor, our position is very simple. It's that the joint provisional liquidators essentially are now -- they are the managers. They simply are OAS Finance, the privilege runs to them. They have the benefit of that privilege. It's not necessarily waived --

THE COURT: But the question happened -- the question is when you have a joint client situation and one of the clients suddenly becomes adverse arguably to the other clients, why do those -- does that client have the right to materials or to the other three clients in essence saying, no, that's attorney-client privilege. I think the answer is that the affected client may be entitled to it without privilege but it's certainly not something I'm going to decide from the bench.

MR. ROSENBLATT: Yeah, I mean, right now -- I think - you know, I do think you're right. I think that those are
mutually exclusive issues. The entitlement is different than
privilege. To the extent we're addressing privilege, I would
have to refer to my expert here but right now we're talking

about entitlement, Your Honor.

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THE COURT: All right.

MR. STARNER: If I may, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Who are you?

MR. STARNER: Greg Starner on behalf of White & Case. There are a few points that I wanted to make that I thought were important, and I think that the Court started off and important point which is that they're seeking discretionary relief on the 1519, and so the standard is irreparable harm and the question is have they made out any basis to get the discovery they're seeking from a U.S. law firm, and I think I have to propose to the Court that they have not.

What they're seeking is discovery -- now, it's important to keep in mind, I think two category of discovery they're seeking; one, legal memorandum, another advice that White & Case may have given to the BVI entity prior to their appointment, and two, information related to the OAS Group generally speaking. Two very distinct categories of documentation. And, respectfully, there's a thicket of privilege issues as to the first category. The issue of whether or not they're entitled to get anything from prior to their appointment, there's some significant issues there, and respectfully I don't necessarily --

THE COURT: So are you going to file a privilege log?

MR. STARNER: Excuse me?

THE COURT: Are you going to file a privilege log?

MR. STARNER: We can certainly prepare something,
rather burdensome; there's a lot of materials there but, you
know, as to --

THE COURT: How else do you decide it?

MR. STARNER: True but I mean, we are certainly looking for anything specifically -- any advice, materials given to BVI Finance and there's association [sic] also between attorney-client communications and work product of course. Work product would not be something we'd ever remit, and also important to keep in mind that in the BVI, the directors of the company are challenging the appointment of the JPLs. So under BVI law, they retain residual authority to do that --

THE COURT: Well, they can certainly challenge and I recognize that they're adverse.

MR. STARNER: But I'm suggesting to the Court there may be issues with BVI privilege and U.S. privilege there as to what privilege remains because they are, of course, adverse. The directors of the BVI entity and the JPLs.

THE COURT: It's true, I don't even know which law privileges applies.

MR. STARNER: And so I mean they suggested that we're entitled -- they're entitled to get memorandums or advice we gave to the directors last week in connection with challenging their appointment in the BVI? Certainly, that would not be

something they would be entitled to.

But, going back to the irreparable harm, the suggestion here is they need this to help them in Brazil. You know, as the Court rightly acknowledged this is not -- does not have anything to do with recognition, and so they're asking the Court to give them license for discovery to help them in Brazil which is a different --

THE COURT: I understand that but if they were irreparably harmed in connection with not getting that information produced in Brazil, wouldn't that satisfy the irreparable harm requirement?

MR. STARNER: I don't think so. I think so right now the analysis is are they -- would they be irreparably harmed in connection with seeking recognition from this Court. They don't have recognition yet and they're asking this Court for discretionary relief and how -- so they'd have to make a showing that somehow they need this in connection with getting recognition.

And just the second point is as I think the JPLs have rightly acknowledged, they are actively participating in Brazil. So they have every right to participate in Brazil. They talk about a potential plan that may be filed which they have every right to object to. And then in terms of likelihood of success, we haven't heard about that yet of course. We have significant issues and questions about COMI, whether COMI is in

Brazil or the BVI. As I think Mr. Cunningham noted, the Brazilian Court just recently rejected the JPLs' attempt to withdraw the BVI entity from the Brazilian proceeding and said no doubt, COMI is in Brazil --

THE COURT: Am I bound by that?

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MR. STARNER: I think that it's at the very least, a very persuasive finding by the Brazilian Court --

THE COURT: Was there an evidentiary hearing?

MR. STARNER: I don't know the answer to that, Your Honor, but we certainly will be prepared to explain it --

THE COURT: Judges say things from the bench all the time, Your Honor. Sometimes we don't --

MR. STARNER: I'm sure it was very considered, that the Brazilian Court would never say something of that significance, and that's a significant ruling that they -- from our perspective, and then number two, there is of course the COMI manipulation concerns that we have. So significant issues about well, we question whether they would have a likelihood of success even if we got to that element of 1519 relief.

And then finally, you know, talking about public policy and talking about the balance of harms, they are seeking discovery from a U.S. law firm. It's a very significant issue, and the suggestion that they are -- should be allowed a license to get in under the hood notwithstanding any of the thicket of privilege issues that would need to be navigated here I think

presents serious issues. And frankly falling back and just coming back to I think what Mr. Cunningham mentioned to you, so the two pieces are they're asking for give us everything that you gave to the BVI entity prior to our appointment and give us everything to do with the OAS group and help us in Brazil.

This first category they've asked for the materials dealing with the company's finance and corporate records from the directors in the BVI and now they're asking this Court well, we also want to ask White & Case because if they have it, we want to get it from them, too. The directors have agreed to give them the materials they have --

THE COURT: Well, but from what I've been reading in the letters and e-mails going back and forth they've agreed to give to them but they haven't given it to them.

MR. STARNER: That's true. They are in the process of pulling that together. They've told the BVI court --

THE COURT: I thought it was given to Aurelius already.

MR. STARNER: Well, there's -- a number of -- a lot of materials were but if you recall, there was a time period there that it was a little more limited and narrow. So we're willing to go beyond -- I should say the directors have indicated they are going to go beyond that and collect additional materials there.

So they are giving those materials and that's I think

consistent with what's going on in the BVI. It's not really 2 before this Court. They're asking this Court to give them permission let's go after a U.S. law firm because that's the only entity that's in the U.S. so we want to go after them and we just think that's just inherently improper.

THE COURT: Well, you can take discovery from law firms.

MR. STARNER: As a lawyer --

THE COURT: I've been deposed as a lawyer.

MR. STARNER: -- it raises significant issues -- I'm

sorry?

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THE COURT: I was deposed as a lawyer.

MR. STARNER: Is that right?

14 THE COURT: Yes.

MR. STARNER: I'm sure you did very well, Your Honor.

Lawyers are easily some of the worst deponents ever. 16

I'm not saying that discovery is not in some circumstances against law firms appropriate but I think here it's not appropriate. I mean, you have to make an extraordinary showing that you can't get it anywhere else, and at the end of the day, I guess what I'm suggesting to the Court is what they're asking for we're not going to be able to give it to them anyway because of the issues of privilege.

THE COURT: Right. Anybody who hasn't spoken on 25 this?

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MR. BRILLIANT: Your Honor, Allan Brilliant on behalf of Aurelius and all but I actually came just to watch, Your Honor, but one thing I just would like to make clear from the record is and I think Mr. Starner, you know, said this in answering Your Honor's question. We received very little with respect to BVI Finance. As Your Honor knows, we asked for information sufficient to show, information sufficient to show so we did not receive all the books and records --THE COURT: Uh-huh. MR. STARNER: -- and that has not been made publicly available. THE COURT: Okay. But you got what you asked for, right? MR. BRILLIANT: Excuse me? THE COURT: You got what you asked for. MR. BRILLIANT: We got what we asked for which is -we didn't ask for all the books and records of the company. THE COURT: Okay. MR. BRILLIANT: And it was -- as Mr. Starner says, it was limited to a certain particular date and time. THE COURT: Okay. MR. ASHLEY: Good morning, Your Honor. Mark Ashley of Chadbourne & Parke for the JPLs. Just a few quick points on these issues.

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First of all, as Mr. Rosenblatt said, clearly we own

the privilege currently. The thicket of privilege issues that the other side is raising has been simply the basis for them to steadfastly refuse to produce anything. We're happy to discuss that thicket of privilege issues but within a joint client context we are entitled at least to access to materials.

If they want to discuss a protocol of what we can do with those -- we think we're entitled to do what we want with them but if they want to discuss a protocol --

THE COURT: Even if they disclosed communications with the other clients?

MR. ASHLEY: I'm sorry?

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THE COURT: Even if they disclosed privileged communications with joint clients?

MR. ASHLEY: If -- yes. If Finance was a party to those communications, we think we're entitled to those --

THE COURT: So one member of a joint client consortium can waive the privilege as to all others?

MR. ASHLEY: We believe in -- when adversity has been created or triggered, yes, but if there are particularly sensitive documents that they want to establish a protocol about that, we can discuss that.

Secondly, with respect to what law governs, we think it is U.S. law with respect to White & Case's materials here. To our knowledge, there's no conflict of law either with respect to Brazil or the BVI that would give rise to any

conflict of law analysis. We think the law is similar in all the jurisdictions but in any event we think U.S. law would govern.

There was mention of whether we're entitled to privileged materials or advice given to the directors with respect to challenging the BVI proceeding, we're happy to carve that out. I would concede we're perhaps not entitled to that because that's the slight residual power that the directors have left. We would carve that out from our request.

Finally, Your Honor, just -- there was mention of this COMI finding -- supposed COMI finding in Brazil. I would just note that that was a gratuitous statement by the Judge. The absence of evidence were argument. COMI is an alien concept in Brazilian law, and in any event as Your Honor I think suggested, this Court has to make its own independent analysis.

THE COURT: Okay. Look, I am -- I'm not going to grant the application for emergency discovery. You failed to demonstrate that you'd be irreparably harmed by not getting it. None of this discovery really relates to the issue that's going to be before me initially at least; that is recognition of the BVI provision as a -- I assume a foreign main proceeding.

All of this discovery seems to relate then and your application says you're concerned about the Brazilian plan and how it's going to affect your rights. Being told that you've

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requested the information in Brazil also, you certainly have an 2 adequate remedy there. I would be surprised if you can't get information in Brazil. Obviously if you can't, that's one argument as to why a plan shouldn't be recognized.

And, although it hasn't really been discussed at length, I think there's a very serious question about whether the BVI proceeding would be recognized either as a main or foreign proceeding. There are substantial COMI questions which came up in connection with OAS Investments, the Austrian entity at the hearing on recognition. And maybe the resolution of that issue will clarify whether or not the BVI proceeding to be recognized as a main proceeding. I don't know the basis to recognize it as a non-main proceeding. I assume you've asked for that in the petition.

So there is a substantial question about that but 16 really the bottom line is that this information is in Brazil, we've requested it in Brazil and it concerns a Brazil proceeding. You failed to show that you're irreparably harmed if you don't get it through White & Case here or through an order which essentially forces the Brazilian directors to bring the information into the United States which I don't think is an appropriate use certainly on an emergency basis of getting information.

Now, I also got a letter from Quinn Emmanuel. 25 you see that letter?

MR. ROSENBLATT: We did.

THE COURT: Why don't we deal with this one now. Go ahead.

MR. CARLINSKY: May I be heard, Your Honor?

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. CARLINSKY: Michael Carlinsky from Quinn

Emmanuel. The question raised by our letter is whether or not
the JPLs should be required to produce documents responsive to
two document requests. We served a set of document requests to
Your Honor in connection with the JPLs' application for
recognition and we asked for eleven categories of documents.
There are two that are at issue and they're identified in our
letter.

One is documents regarding communications between the JPLs and creditors, and the second is documents concerning the JPLs' decision to withdraw or attempt to withdraw Mr. Tavares' filing of the Chapter 15. I just want to give the Court a little bit of context.

When Aurelius came in here and was challenging Mr. Tavares' authority as a foreign representative and the issues of where is COMI with respect to the Austrian entity, we turned over documents. We made Mr. Tavares available. He sat for deposition for nine hours. He asked for -- he was asked all questions regarding his authority in COMI. Mr. Munhoz was deposed for five or six hours and of course answered all the

questions.

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Here, we have a very serious question, and I don't mean to echo Your Honor's comments from a few moments ago but there's a real serious issue here as to whether or not the JPLs can get recognition of the BVI action as foreign main. They've not sought in their application to treat it as foreign non-main. So it's only about foreign main.

And the -- the facts here and the sequence of what happened is also important. As Your Honor knows, the Chapter 15s were filed here by Mr. Tavares on behalf of all four debtors on April 15th. Within twenty-four hours, at the direction of Aurelius, the JPLs sought and were appointed by the BVI court as provisional liquidators and as we've seen in some of the materials we provided to the Court, Aurelius is both paying the fees and indemnifying, the -- Finance's stake in the BVI.

As this Court recognized in <u>Sun Trust</u>, as the Second Circuit recognized --

THE COURT: Sun Tech.

MR. CARLINSKY: <u>Sun Tech</u>. I'm sorry. <u>Sun Tech</u>, thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Sun Trust is a Florida bank.

MR. CARLINSKY: Yeah. Different case. <u>Sun Tech</u> as well as -- there's a real issue as to whether COMI has been manipulated and here, it is a real issue. If you just look at

the circumstances of the timing of things, it sort of raises a clear red flag. The JPLs are saying one of the bases for why COMI should be recognized in the BVI is that the JPLs have been involved with the creditors, have been having communications with creditors. They're relying on that fact to support what they're going to ultimately argue to Your Honor demonstrates COMI in the BVI, yet when we ask for those communications, we're told no.

Now, we had -- it wasn't myself but White & Case had a meet and confer with Chadbourne & Parke a week ago, and at that point in time, we were told the only category that the JPLS really objected to was Category 8 which are documents concerning the decision to withdraw Mr. Tavares' Chapter 15. With respect to the other category, namely communications with creditors, they would produce documents from the point of their appointment forward but would not go backwards, and we said that's not acceptable to us but at least we don't have to disagree on the documents post-their appointment.

Now their position is they're not going to produce either category and the objections that have been leveled, Your Honor, are somewhat of the sort of kitchen sink but that it's burdensome, it's not relevant, and then they throw in for good measure that it may amount to a waiver of privilege materials. It's hard to imagine the burden associated with producing to us documents regarding communications with creditors particularly

since they're relying upon that as a fact to support their claim that COMI should be recognized in the BVI.

We've also been told that their communications with Aurelius go back a week or two from the April 16th appointment. So again if we're asking the question of burden, it's really hard to see how there could be much of any burden with requiring if there are e-mails, if there are memos between Aurelius or other creditors on the one hand and the JPLs that they be required to produce those.

On the relevance issue, I don't have to tell the Court the definition of relevance but here, it is clear we're going to be challenging COMI, and it is clear that the Court is going to have to look at whether or not COMI exists and whether or not it has been manipulated, and this would be a very important focus. And I'll give the Court I think the most obvious example. We may see a communication, for example, from Aurelius. It may say to Grant Thornton we would like you to file immediately for liquidation -- to be appointed as liquidators in the BVI because we're expecting Mr. -- we're expecting OAS to file Chapter 15 proceedings in the U.S. and we'd like to ultimately take steps to move the COMI to BVI or we may --

THE COURT: Wouldn't you love to find that.

MR. CARLINSKY: Or something -- I would love to find that and I'm still optimistic that something similar to that

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will -- but whatever the communications are, Your Honor deserves to see them and be able to assess what really went on that caused these JPLs to run into the BVI to take the actions that they did at whose behest and at whose direction and control are they really acting at this point.

And similarly with respect to Category 8, Your Honor, the decision to withdraw is relevant here, and it's relevant for a separate purpose besides just the question of COMI. relevant for the following reason. As Your Honor I think understands, if COMI is not in the BVI and there's no request for a foreign non-main, then either it would be thumbs up or thumbs down on whether the JPLs' Chapter 15 could be recognized here and we think ultimately that that recognition will not be granted, and so then the question is why are they taking the position, why have they sought to withdraw Mr. Tavares' filing of the Chapter 15. Do they really think it's in the best interest of creditors, the creditors of Finance if they -- all creditors as opposed to just Aurelius, do they really think it's in the best interest of all creditors that there be no recognition, that there no stay associated with a Chapter 15 recognition and that also --

THE COURT: Well, they've already said they don't fight the plan that they anticipate because it's going to substantively consolidate and wipe out their claim.

MR. CARLINSKY: That can be their position but what

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about the stay. Is that really something that they feel is not in the best interest of all creditors, the stay that would go along -- or the stay that would have gone with Mr. -- the recognition of Mr. Tavares' filing of the Chapter 15? And so they've sought to withdraw the --THE COURT: Well, they got the stay. MR. CARLINSKY: They have a TRO --THE COURT: Well, the damages -- you know, is there any property left that can be seized --MR. CARLINSKY: I don't know. THE COURT: -- in the United States? I don't know. But if their Chapter MR. CARLINSKY: 15 is not recognized, can they ask for a stay? I don't know the answer to that. Or can they ask for a TRO. So they've come in and they've asked the Court to withdraw or dismiss Mr. Tavares' Chapter 15, and we brought this up, Your Honor, at --I think it was at the recognition hearing -- and of course that has not been done. The Court has not withdrawn or dismissed Mr. Tavares' Chapter 15 and one of the --THE COURT: He didn't proceed with recognition on it. MR. CARLINSKY: We didn't --THE COURT: So I don't --MR. CARLINSKY: -- no, we respected --THE COURT: -- I don't have to do anything. MR. CARLINSKY: You don't have to do anything but

what we think has to happen is if they have to proceed, if they are going to continue to pursue this request for dismissal or withdrawal that it should be done on notice and there should be a hearing because under 305 this Court has to make a determination that dismissal or withdrawal is in the best interest of creditors, and it raises real questions as to what are they really up to here and at whose direction are they acting. Are they acting at the direction of a creditor, Aurelius and its affiliates or are they really acting because they're doing so in the best interest of all creditors, but that's not a question for today.

All we want today is that they be required on Category 2 to produce the communications including those that predate in the week or two prior to their appointment and documents concerning the decision to withdraw or seek withdrawal of Mr. Tavares' petition, and I don't understand how there could be any privilege associated. If there are documents that are privileged, they can assert privilege but communications with a third-party creditor couldn't possibly be privileged, and that's our request, Your Honor. Thank you very much.

MR. ASHLEY: Good morning again, Your Honor. Marc Ashley from Chadbourne & Parke.

First of all, just a moment's worth of context. The argument at least to me is stark. They told us today that they

were going to -- they were willing to produce certain materials to us; they never did after weeks of requests. We on the other hand are engaged in no gamesmanship here, Your Honor --

THE COURT: Well, they tell me -- this letter says you've met and conferred and your position is the --

MR. ASHLEY: And I'll explain just -- we have been cooperative and efficient. We are taking positions with respect to their requests that are clearly mandated by the case law. As I speak to you, I don't know what's in the documents. We're in the process of collecting -- this is not a -- these are not tactical decisions. I've looked at the case law and I think our positions are clearly mandated by the cases.

First of all, Your Honor, the -- we've asserted very limited objections. We have agreed to produce documents with respect to nine out of the eleven requests. We've objected to none of their four deposition notices. So in my view we are the cooperative side in this dispute, and if anyone is playing games, it's the other side.

A threshold issue, Your Honor, that was referenced here; in Mr. Carlinsky's letter, he cites to the Second Circuit's Fairfield case which I know Your Honor is familiar with. The Second Circuit in Fairfield indicated that COMI is determined as of the time of the filing of the Chapter 15 petition but then generously allowed consideration of supposed COMI manipulation of the time period starting from the date of

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the initiation of the foreign proceedings. That's the position $2 \parallel$ we're taking here, and by the way Your Honor adopted the same standard in <u>Sun Tech</u> last year.

THE COURT: But in all the discovery that I've dealt with in this case so I think I dealt with it also in Aurelius and Alden, you go back a little bit in time before the commencement of the foreign proceeding because there may be documents relevant to the manipulation of the COMI which led up to the filing of the foreign proceeding in the first place.

In other words, their argument is that before anything was filed, we got -- Aurelius and Alden I guess got together and they -- let's rest control of this process even though the BVI has nothing to do with this company and it's registered there, we're going to get the JPLs appointed and they're going to start to talk to creditors and then they're going to come here and say look at all the stuff we found, this is our nerve center. That's really what the theory of the case is.

MR. ASHLEY: Right. And -- right.

THE COURT: And I can't really limit them to communications that occurred after the JPLs who were appointed and we're really not talking about a long period of time before then because all of this has erupted in a relatively short time I don't know how you use that cutoff date to that particular category.

MR. ASHLEY: I guess, Your Honor, we think that you can reach that sort of -- that bright line because the Second Circuit has already articulated it. The Second Circuit --

THE COURT: That wasn't a discovery decision though.

MR. ASHLEY: But the Second Circuit's sort of policy consideration was that if you allow discovery or consideration to go back in time, it can go endlessly back in time and at some point a bright line has to be established.

regarding what Finance did in the BVI in terms of conducting business or anything like that. They're making a very specific allegation on this point that Aurelius and Alden got together; they decided that a JPL should appoint -- be appointed and then create an aura of COMI in BVI when none previously existed in order to rest control of the case from the Brazilian proceeding. That's their theory.

MR. ASHLEY: I know that's their theory and -THE COURT: And I just can't see how I can stop and
start it on the day that the filing -- you know, that the
application was filed in the BVI.

MR. ASHLEY: Last thing I'll say on that is I think the Second Circuit has indicated that it's legally irrelevant and it's significant what happens before that date because it sought to establish a bright line with respect to this sort of analysis. And that -- by the way, that timing language was

conveniently absent from their --

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THE COURT: We know what the case says.

MR. ASHLEY: Let me make one thing very clear. was -- in -- to my listening wild exaggeration in their characterization of our views. We never said that we're not producing communications with creditors. We have again made limited objections to two requests; otherwise, we intend to produce all responsive materials.

THE COURT: Is your objection to simply a timing request or is it a request to communications with Aurelius and Alden?

MR. ASHLEY: It's twofold. One was based on timing. We understood the request as primarily dealing with the time that predated the appointment and that seemed to be the gist of the request, but to the extent that it seeks documents from after --

Well, you know, the answer is they're not THE COURT: joint provisional liquidators until they're appointed joint 19 provisional liquidators. So they can't have communications as joint provisional liquidators with Aurelius or Alden or anybody else until they're appointed.

MR. ASHLEY: Well, the request is regarding their appointment. I understood that to be regarding their prospective or potential appointment.

THE COURT: Oh, okay.

MR. ASHLEY: And to the extent, Your Honor, that the request seeks documents from April 16th, we think that there's an important issue there, that request -- discovery requests that go to the efficacy or validity of the BVI proceedings are really out of the bounds of discovery here. If they want to complain about the validity of the BVI proceedings, they can go to BVI and they absolutely have done so with full gusto.

THE COURT: Well, one of the arguments you're going to make for COMI that among the things we have done in the BVI is we have defended the appointment of the JPLs?

MR. ASHLEY: Yes. So the activities that post-date the appointment are fair game. I understand that they have -- that they suppose a COMI manipulation theory. Again, we're going to be producing documents from after that period.

I would like to cite, Your Honor, a case that I think goes to Request Number 2, the <u>SMP Boat Services</u> case from the Southern District of Florida in 2012. There, the Bankruptcy Court was found to have abused its discretion in allowing discovery that went to the bonafides of the specific foreign proceeding as opposed to the generic foreign proceeding more generally.

THE COURT: Oh, I don't think there's anything inconsistent with concluding that the JPLs are appointed and they are the JPLs and they representatives of Finance but yet finding that there's a manipulation of COMI.

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MR. ASHLEY: Right. And I'm just referring to Request Number 2 which is about the validity -- if it's about the validity of the appointment to us, that's --THE COURT: That's an issue for the BVI court. I'm -MR. ASHLEY: Well, right. That's why we objected to it, based on timing and the gist of it as going to the efficacy of the BVI proceeding --THE COURT: I don't -- well, maybe I should hear from the other side as to what -- again, as to what the purpose of Request Number 2 is. I'm not going to rule that they were not 12 properly appointed --MR. CARLINSKY: No, and that's not the point of -that's not the point of Request Number 2, and I think we made it clear -- I didn't but in the meet and confer. We want to see the communications that led to the appointment of the JPLs. Very plain and simple. Your Honor articulated it better than I can. We believe that this was all contrived or manipulated, we believe Aurelius and Alden did exactly what Your Honor was --

> THE COURT: Speculating.

MR. CARLINSKY: -- speculating or we're -- but that's what we believe really happened and the only way to know for sure is to look at when those communications started, what were the communications, what were the requests, what were the directions. And I have to ask sort of the simple question

which is a question my mother would ask which is what are they What are they hiding? hiding?

THE COURT: Sounds like the same question --

MR. CARLINSKY: It can't be --

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THE COURT: -- my mother would ask but I'm not sure it's a legally relevant --

MR. CARLINSKY: And the answer is, Your Honor, I don't know if there's anything to hide. That is the -- our positions are dictated what we think are clear legal principles.

MR. ASHLEY: But if it's a relevance issue, the scope 12 of relevance is so broad --

THE COURT: Well, let me say this. My reaction is that they are entitled to the documents under Request Number 2 that they've requested for the reasons we discussed. I also recognize that you just got this letter. So, if you want to make a motion for a protective order, I'm not stopping you. just think that they're entitled to it. It fits within their manipulation of COMI theory. And it's certainly not burdensome, you're talking about a couple of weeks of communications and certainly communications I guess postappointment are relevant -- you know, the pleadings themselves that you communicated with the stakeholders and obviously Aurelius and Alden are stakeholders and one of the things the JPLs argue is that, you know, look at everything we're doing,

we are administering this case; as part of that administration, we are communicating with the creditors obviously.

MR. ASHLEY: And, again, we weren't objecting to communications generally post-appointment. That was not our position.

THE COURT: That's my reaction.

MR. ASHLEY: With respect to Request Number 8, Your Honor, with pertains to the withdrawal of the Tavares Finance petition, we believe again it's -- we're taking principal position, a position that is not dependent on our knowledge of any documents. Our view is that it is only the fact of the withdrawal of Tavares' authority that is relevant to COMI.

THE COURT: Now, what -- other than the fact that this is one of the activities of the JPLs, why do you need that information?

MR. CARLINSKY: We'd like to see what was the rationale. Was it a legitimate rationale as to why they were asking for or ultimately decided to seek the withdrawal by Mr. Tavares or was it being done at the behest of a creditor or was it being done for some other interest other than really their desire to seek recognition of their own Chapter 15.

THE COURT: Well, you've already -- you're going to presumably get documents that deal with communications with creditors about all issues.

MR. CARLINSKY: Yes.

THE COURT: So why wouldn't that -- what you're seeking be swept up in that?

MR. CARLINSKY: It may be but if it's not a communication with creditors, if it's a communication for example between the two JPLs themselves, so I'm going to leave out what may be clearly privileged which may be communications between the JPLs, Grant Thornton and their counsel but there could be a multitude of documents within Grant Thornton or there could be communications with others, not creditors that bear on this particular issue. And again I think it's something that the Court deserves to see. It may ultimately bear on the manipulation --

THE COURT: How does it -- it certainly doesn't bear on recognition, does it?

MR. CARLINSKY: I think it goes to -- it could go to the COMI manipulation point again which is why are they -- why did they take the actions they took with respect to withdrawing Mr. Tavares' application. Why did they -- why were they refusing to agree to keep Mr. Tavares' stay which the Court had issued in place. What is the motivation here and at whose direction are they acting.

THE COURT: I thought they initially did a deposition and then they got their own stay.

MR. CARLINSKY: Well, they asked for their own stay and they refused our request to keep effectively two stays in

place, Mr. Tavares' --

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THE COURT: It wasn't for them to grant you a stay, them being the BVI JPLs. They got their own stay from -essentially from Aurelius and Alden who were going to attach property. You know, given the level of animosity, it's clear to me why, you know, Aurelius and Alden would not grant a further stay to the other OAS entities and Mr. Tavares.

MR. CARLINSKY: Well, what we asked the JPLs, it was that we would ask Your Honor to keep the stay in place that Mr. Tavares got without prejudice at all to the JPLs' position and the JPLs would seek their own stay. They refused. They said 12 we're not going to agree to that. We're only going to seek -we're going to seek our own stay.

But the real question is why is this happening and whose direction are they acting. Are they truly acting because they think they're acting in the best interest of Finance or are they doing so at the behest of somebody.

THE COURT: Have you made that argument to the BVI as 19 to why they should not -- you know, they're not proper fiduciaries?

MR. CARLINSKY: I believe so. Greg, can you speak to that question?

MR. STARNER: Sure.

MR. CARLINSKY: I have not been involved in the BVI 25 proceedings.

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THE COURT: So, if the BVI court rejects that argument, isn't that an implicit conclusion that they're acting improperly as fiduciaries? MR. CARLINSKY: Well, I'm not sure --THE COURT: I mean, in other words, how many times are we going to litigate the same issue? The issue for the BVI Court is whether or not these two people should be JPLs. MR. CARLINSKY: Right. THE COURT: And that --MR. CARLINSKY: But that --THE COURT: And that issue is before the -- the issue 12 you just raised --MR. CARLINSKY: But this -- but --THE COURT: -- is before the BVI Court. MR. CARLINSKY: This issue, Your Honor, is slightly different which -- I don't think is before the BVI Court which 16 is why did the JPLs and at whose behest and direction did the JPLs come to this Court and seek to withdraw Mr. Tavares' Chapter 15. THE COURT: I just don't see how that is germane. Again, you can make a motion --MR. CARLINSKY: Okay. MR. CARLINSKY: -- but my reaction is the fact that 24 they did it, yes, that's relevant because it's one of the

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activities that they've engaged in and they're going to argue

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that's evidence that they're administering the estate but why 2 \parallel they decided to do it and whether they did it in breach of their fiduciary duties to the creditors and the BVI is -- you know, I think that's something you should take up with the BVI Court which it sounds like you've done but again this all comes out of the letter I received this morning and anybody is free to make an appropriate motion. I think that's how it should be resolved.

MR. CARLINSKY: Well, just for clarification, with respect to the Chapter -- the Category 2 or Request Number 2 documents, do we have Your Honor's ruling so we can proceed on that --

THE COURT: Well, my reaction is of everything I've heard that you're entitled to it for the reasons I've stated. They think otherwise. I haven't had the benefit of legal briefing or anything like that. You can make a motion.

MR. ROSENBLATT: Your Honor, may I just be heard for a moment. I just heard you on Request Number 2. As far as timing goes as ties into relevancy, it is very rare where we have a clear express indication from the Second Circuit on an issue but in the Fairfield decision and I know you're familiar with it, Your Honor, there's a heading which talks about COMI manipulation and it says relevant time period, and it's one The sentence says: sentence.

"To offset a debtor's ability to manipulate its COMI,

a court may also look at the time period between the initiation of a foreign liquidation proceeding and a filing of a Chapter 15 petition."

It's clear as day, Your Honor, the Second Circuit is telling us what is relevant in the context of a COMI manipulation issue.

arguably relevant to whether or not the JPLs were manipulating COMI after they were appointed based upon this "conspiracy" that was entered into to get them appointed in the first place, and that's what their argument is. I understand what the law is but that was not a discovery decision. Yes, I have to look at what the JPLs did but why they did it is also -- you know, I'm repeating myself but why they did --

MR. ROSENBLATT: Well, Your Honor, I think all that goes to -- and respectfully, I think all of those issues, okay, the events leading --

THE COURT: Let me -- let me -- yeah, let me put it to you this way. The day before the petition in the BVI was filed, there is a document for evidence that Aurelius and Alden got together with Grant Thornton and said, you know, we have a really good idea. We have nothing to do with BVI but let's file the case here, we'll start to administer the case and we'll torpedo the New York Chapter 15 and maybe the Brazilian proceeding. You don't think I can consider that?

MR. ROSENBLATT: No, they should -- I'm sorry. 1 THE COURT: You don't think I can consider that? 2 3 MR. ROSENBLATT: I think they should go to the BVI, 4 Your Honor. I think that that is --I'm asking a different question on the 5 THE COURT: 6 issue of COMI. You don't think I can consider that? 7 MR. ROSENBLATT: I don't think that that's relevant, 8 Your Honor. I think --9 THE COURT: All right. I disagree. MR. ROSENBLATT: 10 It's in -- when they had their Chapter 15 case, they took the very clear position that 11 recognition was a check-the-box process. It is very -- it's 12 formulaic. 13 But nobody is arguing at least with the 14 THE COURT: 15 two Brazilian entities that COMI was manipulated and frankly nobody argued that COMI was manipulated with the Austrian 16 17 entity. 18 Well, again I'm not sure how COMI MR. ROSENBLATT: was per se manipulated. They're not -- I mean, they were 19 20 appointed by the BVI court. Are they suggesting that the BVI 21 Court is complicit in COMI manipulation? We are basing our argument on COMI on what the provisional liquidators did from 22 23 when they were appointed, Your Honor, the actions that they took to administer the BVI proceeding. I think that's why 24 25 Fairfield is relevant. It talks about -- it tells you what is

45 1 relevant --2 THE COURT: I understand --3 MR. ROSENBLATT: -- respectfully --4 THE COURT: -- they're arguing that the "conspiracy" 5 to appoint the JPLs in the first place is part of the COMI --6 MR. ROSENBLATT: And I respectfully submit, Your 7 Honor, that that is an issue that they should take up in the 8 BVI. If they believe that that's the case, that is perhaps a very valid basis to dismiss the BVI proceeding, and Your Honor, they have challenged -- they have lodged multiple challenges in I think those issues are relevant to the BVI 11 I don't think that they're relevant at all to 12 proceeding. 13 recognition. The last issue I'll address, Your Honor, just very 14 quickly because it's now been raised twice and I sat quietly at their recognition hearing and I didn't raise the issue but 16 they've said with respect to their outstanding OAS Finance case 17 18 about Section 305 and our ability to withdraw -- just to be very clear, Section 305 does not apply in a Chapter 15 case --19 20

THE COURT: Well, stop. The only thing is I sort of have this hanging Chapter 15 case which was commenced by Mr.

Tavares and it's there --

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MR. ROSENBLATT: Your Honor, thirty seconds. Section 103 of the Bankruptcy Code tells us what sections of the Bankruptcy Code apply in chapter cases, and Your Honor,

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unfortunately, I was involved in the losing side of Ottavia [ph], you're aware -- if you learned anything from that case, it's this: It's the Second Circuit case literally 103. If a section [sic] is referenced in 103, it applies in Chapter 15. If it's not, it doesn't apply. They're --

THE COURT: Oh, you mean Barnett?

MR. ROSENBLATT: Yeah, yeah, and Barnett, yes.

I understand why they might be confused. Section 305(b) does reference Chapter 15, and the purpose of that and it's addressed squarely in the <u>British American</u> case is there is a situation where post-recognition a foreign representative has the ability to perhaps dismiss a case that's filed -- a case that's filed perhaps an involuntary with respect to the foreign debtor but the issue is addressed squarely in the <u>British American</u> case, Your Honor. Section 305 does not apply in Chapter 15.

What should happen with respect to their -- the sort of in space --

THE COURT: Can't you make a motion to dismiss the petition though?

MR. ROSENBLATT: Well, Your Honor, I think we have the ability to just simply withdraw but at the very least just so third parties are aware of what's going on and I think Your Honor had mentioned this in the past, at the very least, they should file a 1518 statement updating parties who may not have

been in court during recognition, who may not know what's going on to let them know that we've been appointed and that they have no authority to act. They haven't done that, Your Honor, and I'm not sure why.

It may be again a matter of procedural -- we believe that we have the ability to withdraw it. 305 --

THE COURT: It's very rare that you can simply withdraw a petition and I'm not talking about 15 necessarily --

MR. ROSENBLATT: Yeah.

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THE COURT: -- but involuntary petitions and obviously other types of petitions. I mean, I suppose under Rule 1018 I could make Rule 12 apply and you can make a motion to dismiss the petition on the grounds that the petition lacks authority.

MR. ROSENBLATT: Admittedly, it's an odd situation but certainly 305 --

THE COURT: Well, ruling COMI is also very odd with two different --

MR. ROSENBLATT: I've been involved in a lot of cases where you have dual main proceedings, Your Honor. Admittedly, I've never been involved in dual Chapter 15 ancillary proceedings.

But I do think it's clear though Section 305 does not apply. There is no requirement per se that we file a motion. Given that we are OAS Finance, we manage the company, and again

I know -- they are in denial and they don't acknowledge -- but 1 we are. That is the situation, Your Honor. There is an order of the Court. We should be able to just have that matter 3 4 withdrawn. 5 THE COURT: Well, I'm just saying procedurally even 6 when people are clearly in charge in other chapters, you can't 7 simply withdraw the petition. 8 MR. ROSENBLATT: Yeah. 9 THE COURT: And that's the only point I --MR. ROSENBLATT: 10 I (indiscernible) letter. So --11 THE COURT: Just make a motion to dismiss the 12 petition. 13 MR. ROSENBLATT: We can do that. 14 THE COURT: And say which is the appropriate rule, 15 say it applies under Rule 1018. 16 MR. ROSENBLATT: Okav. THE COURT: Presumably I'm going to look at the 17 18 resolution of the dispute at least in the trial level --19 MR. ROSENBLATT: I think that's fair. THE COURT: -- in the BVI. 20 21 MR. ROSENBLATT: I think that's fair. 22 THE COURT: All right. Thank you very much. 23 MR. CUNNINGHAM: Thank you, Your Honor. 24 MR. CARLINSKY: Thank you, Your Honor. 25 (Concluded at 11:56 am.)

CERTIFICATION

I certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript from the electronic sound recording of the proceedings in the above-entitled matter.

Kathleen M. Price

DATE: June 5, 2015

11 Kathleen Price, AAERT Cert. No. 325

12 Certified Court Transcriptionist

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